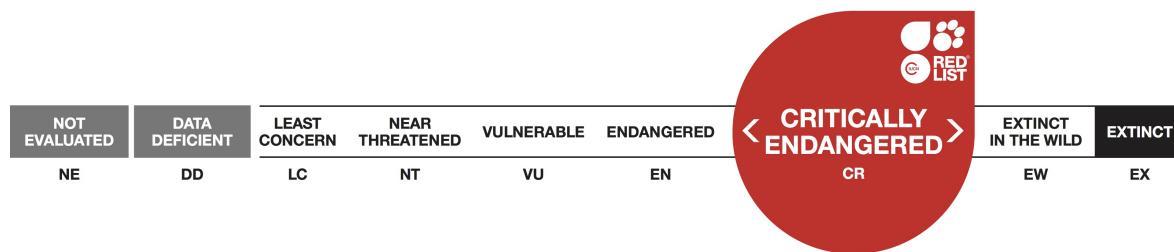




Darevskia dryada, Charnali Lizard

Assessment by: Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov, and Sako Tuniyev



View on www.iucnredlist.org

Citation: Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov, and Sako Tuniyev. 2009. *Darevskia dryada*. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2009: e.T164722A5920819. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2009.RLTS.T164722A5920819.en>

Copyright: © 2015 International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources

Reproduction of this publication for educational or other non-commercial purposes is authorized without prior written permission from the copyright holder provided the source is fully acknowledged.

Reproduction of this publication for resale, reposting or other commercial purposes is prohibited without prior written permission from the copyright holder. For further details see [Terms of Use](#).

The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species™ is produced and managed by the [IUCN Global Species Programme](#), the [IUCN Species Survival Commission](#) (SSC) and [The IUCN Red List Partnership](#). The IUCN Red List Partners are: [BirdLife International](#); [Botanic Gardens Conservation International](#); [Conservation International](#); [Microsoft](#); [NatureServe](#); [Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew](#); [Sapienza University of Rome](#); [Texas A&M University](#); [Wildscreen](#); and [Zoological Society of London](#).

If you see any errors or have any questions or suggestions on what is shown in this document, please provide us with [feedback](#) so that we can correct or extend the information provided.

Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Reptilia	Squamata	Lacertidae

Taxon Name: *Darevskia dryada* (Darevsky & Tuniyev, 1997)

Synonym(s):

- *Lacerta dryada*

Common Name(s):

- English: Charnali Lizard

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Critically Endangered B2ab(iii,v) [ver 3.1](#)

Year Published: 2009

Date Assessed: December 14, 2008

Justification:

Listed as Critically Endangered because its Area of Occupancy is probably less than 10km², all individuals are in a single sub-population, and the extent of its forest habitat has been severely reduced and continues to decline.

Geographic Range

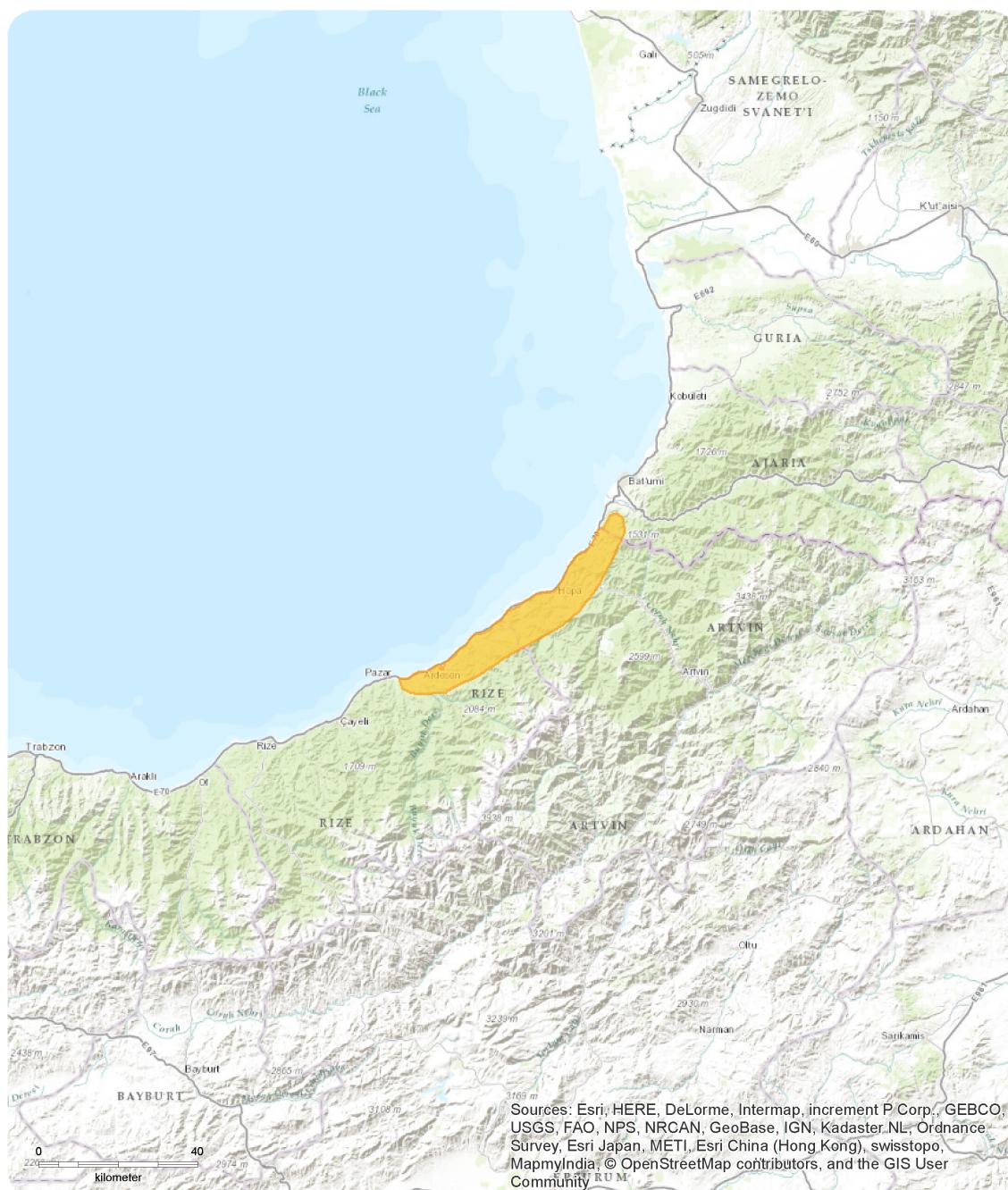
Range Description:

This species is endemic to the Caucasus region where it is found in northeastern Turkey (near Hopa, Artvin Province) and could extend north into the Pontic area of southwestern Georgia (Adzharia). It ranges between 50 and 700m asl.

Country Occurrence:

Native: Georgia; Turkey

Distribution Map



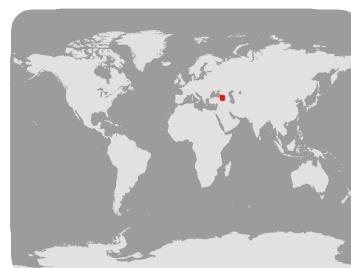
Darevskia dryada

Range

Extant (resident)

Compiled by:

Compiled by:
IUCN (International Union for
Conservation of Nature)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



Population

Populations are severely fragmented and occur in relatively low densities across its limited range.

Current Population Trend: Decreasing

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

Populations inhabit narrow ravines containing large boulders and rocky outcrops, usually under canopy of subtropical forest with evergreen undergrowth. The species is not adaptable to habitat modification.

Systems: Terrestrial

Threats (see Appendix for additional information)

This species is threatened by general deforestation. Populations are limited to increasingly threatened forest fragments. Ongoing tourism development along the Black Sea coastline is a threat to the species.

Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

This species has not been recorded from any protected areas. There is a urgent need to maintain existing areas of suitable forest habitat for this species.

Credits

Assessor(s): Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov, and Sako Tuniyev

Reviewer(s): Neil Cox and Helen Temple

Bibliography

Ananjeva, N. B., Borkin, L. Y., Darevsky, I. S., Orlov, N. L. 1998. *Amphibii i presmykajushchiesya*. AFB, Moscow.

Ananjeva, N. B., Orlov, N. L., Khalikov, R. G., Darevsky, I. S., Ryabov, S. A., Barabanov, A. V. 2004. *Atlas presmykajushchikhsya Severnoi Eurazii*. Zoologichesky Institute RAN, Sanct-Petrburg.

Darevsky, I.S. and Tuniyev, B.S. 1997. A new species from *Lacerta saxicola* group - *Lacerta dryada* sp. nov. (Sauria: Lacertidae) and some comments relative to *Lacerta clarkorum* Darevsky & Vedmederja 1977. *Russ. J. Herpetol.*: 1-7.

IUCN. 2009. IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (ver. 2009.1). Available at: www.iucnredlist.org.
(Accessed: 22 June 2009).

Schmidtler, J.F., Heckes, U., bischoff, W. and Franzen, M. 2002. Altitude-dependent character variation in rock lizards of the *Darevskia clarkorum* (Darevsky & Vedmederja 1977), *D. dryada* (Darevsky & Tuniyev 1997) complex: a case of climate parallel variation of pholidosis? (Reptilia: Squamata: Sauria: Lacertidae). *Faun. Abh. Mus. Tierk. Dresden*: 141-156.

Sindaco, R. and Jeremčenko, V.K. 2008. *The Reptiles of the Western Palearctic. 1. Annotated Checklist and Distributional atlas of the turtles, crocodiles, amphisbaenians and lizards of Europe, North Africa, Middle East and Central Asia*. Edizioni Belvedere, Latina (Italy).

Sindaco, R., Venchi, A., Carpaneto, G.M. and Bologna, M.A. 2000. The reptiles of Anatolia: a checklist and zoogeographical analysis. *Biogeographia* 21: 441-554.

Citation

Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov, and Sako Tuniyev. 2009. *Darevskia dryada*. *The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2009*: e.T164722A5920819.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2009.RLTS.T164722A5920819.en>

Disclaimer

To make use of this information, please check the [Terms of Use](#).

External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the Red List website.

Appendix

Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.4. Forest - Temperate	-	Suitable	-
0. Root -> 6. Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks)	-	Suitable	-

Threats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Threat	Timing	Scope	Severity	Impact Score
1. Residential & commercial development -> 1.1. Housing & urban areas	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		
1. Residential & commercial development -> 1.3. Tourism & recreation areas	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		
5. Biological resource use -> 5.3. Logging & wood harvesting -> 5.3.5. Motivation Unknown/Unrecorded	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		

Conservation Actions Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions Needed
1. Land/water protection -> 1.1. Site/area protection
2. Land/water management -> 2.1. Site/area management
5. Law & policy -> 5.1. Legislation -> 5.1.2. National level
5. Law & policy -> 5.1. Legislation -> 5.1.3. Sub-national level

Research Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Research Needed
1. Research -> 1.2. Population size, distribution & trends

Research Needed
1. Research -> 1.3. Life history & ecology
1. Research -> 1.5. Threats
3. Monitoring -> 3.1. Population trends

Additional Data Fields

Distribution
Lower elevation limit (m): 50
Upper elevation limit (m): 700
Population
Population severely fragmented: No

The IUCN Red List Partnership



The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species™ is produced and managed by the [IUCN Global Species Programme](#), the [IUCN Species Survival Commission \(SSC\)](#) and [The IUCN Red List Partnership](#). The IUCN Red List Partners are: [BirdLife International](#); [Botanic Gardens Conservation International](#); [Conservation International](#); [Microsoft](#); [NatureServe](#); [Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew](#); [Sapienza University of Rome](#); [Texas A&M University](#); [Wildscreen](#); and [Zoological Society of London](#).